

Al Baraka Islamic Bank B.S.C. (c)

**Basel II, Pillar III Disclosures
30 June 2014**

Al Baraka Islamic Bank B.S.C. (c)

Basel II, Pillar III Disclosures

for the six month period ended 30 June 2014

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1 INTRODUCTION

Al Baraka Islamic Bank B.S.C. (c) (the "Bank") is a closed shareholding company incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain on 21 February 1984. The Commercial Registration of the Bank was renewed on 7 January 2008 to change the status from exempt closed joint stock company to closed joint stock company. The Bank operates under a Retail Bank's licence number RB/025 issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain (the "CBB"). The Bank has six commercial branches in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

The principal activities of the Bank and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are taking demand, saving and investment accounts, providing Murabaha finance, Ijara financing and other Shari'a compliant forms of financing as well as managing investors' money on the basis of Mudaraba or agency for a fee, providing commercial banking services and other investment activities. The Bank's registered office is at Building 238, Road 1704, Block 317, Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain.

For details on the Group's subsidiaries as of 30 June 2014, refer note 2 of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The public disclosures under this section have been prepared in accordance with the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB") requirements outlined in its Public Disclosure Module ("PD"), Section PD-3: Quarterly Disclosure requirements, CBB Rule Book, Volume II for Islamic Banks.

2 CAPITAL ADEQUACY

To assess its capital adequacy requirements in accordance with the CBB requirements, the Group adopts the standardised approach for its credit risk, basic indicator approach for its operational risk and standardised measurement approach for its market risk. The CBB capital adequacy requirement is minimum accepted level for capital adequacy. The credit committee of the Group identify and approve assets suitable for funding by equity of Investment Accountholders ("IAH").

For the purpose of computing the Capital Adequacy Ratio ("CAR") the Group's financial subsidiary (Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited) is consolidated as per the requirement of the CA Module.

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2 CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Table – 1. Capital structure

The following table summarises the eligible capital after deductions for Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) calculation as of:

	<u>30 June 2014</u>		<u>31 December 2013</u>	
	<i>Tier 1</i>	<i>Tier 2</i>	<i>Tier 1</i>	<i>Tier 2</i>
	<i>US \$</i>	<i>US \$</i>	<i>US \$</i>	<i>US \$</i>
Components of capital				
Issued and fully paid ordinary shares	122,457,800		122,457,800	-
General reserves	8,687,143		8,687,143	-
Legal / statutory reserves	21,845,716		21,845,716	-
Others	(8,756,075)		(11,976,644)	-
Retained profit brought forward	7,241,110		7,241,110	-
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries	18,399,946		16,623,079	-
Less:				
Goodwill	18,719,759		17,560,934	-
Unrealised gross losses arising from fair valuing equity securities	43,869		78,890	-
Tier 1 Capital before PCD deductions	<u>151,112,012</u>		<u>147,238,380</u>	
Current interim profits (reviewed by external auditors)		1,317,913		-
Unrealised gain arising from fair valuing equities (45% only)		-		-
Profit equalization reserve		590,764		573,411
Investment risk reserve		2,366,265		2,418,610
Collective impairment loss provision		648,233		598,233
Tier 2 Capital before PCD deductions		<u>4,923,175</u>		<u>3,590,255</u>
Total available capital		<u>156,035,187</u>		<u>150,828,635</u>
Deductions				
Unconsolidated majority-owned or -controlled banking, securities or other financial entities	(27,171,217)	(27,171,217)	(27,171,217)	(27,171,217)
Excess amount over maximum permitted large exposure limit	(1,352,659)	(1,352,659)	(1,307,701)	(1,307,701)
Additional deduction from Tier 1 to absorb deficiency in Tier 2	(23,600,701)	-	(24,888,663)	-
Total Deductions	<u>(52,124,577)</u>	<u>(28,523,876)</u>	<u>(53,367,581)</u>	<u>(28,478,918)</u>
Tier 1 and Tier 2 eligible capital	<u>98,987,435</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>93,870,799</u>	<u>-</u>
Total eligible capital	<u>98,987,435</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>93,870,799</u>	<u>-</u>

2 CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Table – 2. Capital requirement by type of islamic financing contracts

The following table summarises the capital requirements by type of islamic financing contracts:

Type of islamic financing contracts	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
	Capital requirements US \$	Capital requirements US \$
Sales receivables	19,128,692	22,759,868
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek & Ijara income receivable	5,587,412	4,398,434
Musharaka	4,487,817	3,489,194
Mudaraba financing	1,247	207,487
	29,205,168	30,854,983

Table – 3. Capital requirement for market risk

The following table summarises the amount of exposures subject to standardised approach of market risk and related capital requirements as of:

	30 June 2014		31 December 2013	
	Self Financed US \$	Financed by IAH US \$	Self Financed US \$	Financed by IAH US \$
Market risk - standardised approach				
Foreign exchange risk	5,777,506	25,530	5,800,564	-
Total of market risk - standardised approach	5,777,506	25,530	5,800,564	-
Multiplier	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50
	72,218,825	319,125	72,507,050	-
Eligible Portion for the purpose of the calculation	100%	30%	100%	30%
Risk Weighted Exposures ("RWE") for CAR Calculation	72,218,825	95,738	72,507,050	-
Total market RWE		72,314,563		72,507,050
Minimum capital requirement (12%)		8,677,748		8,700,846

Table – 4. Capital Requirements for operational risk

The following table summarises the amount of exposures subject to basic indicator approach of operational risk and related capital requirements as of:

	30 June 2014 US \$	31 December 2013 US \$
Indicators of operational risk		
Average gross income	68,884,231	68,884,231
Multiplier	12.5	12.5
	861,052,888	861,052,888
Eligible Portion for the purpose of the calculation	15%	15%
Total operational RWE	129,157,933	129,157,933
Minimum capital requirement (12%)	15,498,952	15,498,952

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2 CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Table – 5. Capital adequacy ratios

The following are capital adequacy ratios for total capital and tier 1 capital as of:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
	US \$	US \$

	Tier 1 capital ratio	Total capital ratio	Tier 1 capital ratio
Capital adequacy ratio	13.83%	13.83%	13.98%

The subsidiary's CAR computed in accordance with the CBB requirements is 21.15% (31 December 2013: 22.48%) which is above the minimum CAR threshold set by the CBB.

Legal restrictions on capital and income mobility

Distributing profits by subsidiary to the parent is subject to compliance with applicable laws and regulations in Pakistan. Such distribution should go through the legal and regulatory channels applicable in relevant jurisdiction (i.e Pakistan). Mobilisation of capital, reserves and equivalent funds out of the subsidiary to the parent is subject to the local rules and regulations. The parent is not subject to and restriction to support its subsidiary in the form of deposits or capital. However, as a procedure, a prior written approval has to be obtained from the CBB for increasing investment in subsidiary.

Table - 6. The Group's subsidiary capital adequacy ratios

The following is the Group's subsidiary capital adequacy ratio prepared on the basis of SBP requirements, which may differ from the CBB requirements, as of:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
	US \$	US \$

	Tier 1 capital ratio	Total capital ratio	Tier 1 capital ratio
Capital adequacy ratio	11.37%	11.18%	11.97%
			9.60%

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management is an integral part of the Group's decision-making process. The risk management committee and executive committees, guide and assist with overall management of the Group's consolidated statement of financial position risks. The Group manages exposures by setting limits approved by the Board of Directors. The Group risk management strategies have been effectively implemented during the period in line with the objective defined.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial contract will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Group controls credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. Financing contracts are mostly secured by the personal guarantees of the counterparty, by collateral in form of mortgage of the objects financed or other tangible security.

Table – 7. Credit risk exposure

The following table summarises the amount of gross funded and unfunded credit exposures and average gross funded and unfunded exposures as of:

	30 June 2014			31 December 2013			
	Self financed		Financed by IAH	Self financed		Financed by IAH	
	Total gross credit exposure US \$	*Average gross exposure over the period US \$		Total gross credit exposure US \$	*Average gross exposure over the period US \$		Total gross credit exposure US \$
Funded							
Cash and balances with banks & Financial Institutions	259,081,085	222,873,369	2,446,070	55,815,642	138,019,839	164,961,658	181,620,865
Sales receivables	4,340,874	10,650,867	647,851,329	662,259,003	79,773,473	44,014,062	553,924,254
Mudaraba financing	10,389	10,389	-	-	1,729,061	7,654,340	-
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek	143,677	196,825	157,468,047	145,161,897	-	-	126,579,913
Musharaka	4,480,000	4,480,000	94,913,473	86,181,679	4,480,000	4,480,000	67,975,498
Investments	215,467,698	170,866,862	163,708,608	145,801,521	177,046,260	127,402,556	158,446,839
Investment in real estate	5,849,016	5,849,016	-	-	5,549,016	3,790,620	-
Ijara income receivables	129,492	149,752	17,912,829	20,550,921	566,801	762,556	16,684,591
Premises and equipment	23,717,882	23,885,539	-	-	23,342,211	22,456,546	-
Other assets	67,272,478	80,605,682	33,971,154	25,187,418	64,374,649	63,625,699	13,532,974
Unfunded exposure							
Commitments and contingent liabilities	199,691,870	196,051,415	-	-	217,718,843	173,511,739	-
	780,184,461	715,619,716	1,118,271,510	1,140,958,081	712,600,153	612,659,776	1,118,764,934
							1,079,943,987

*Average balances are computed based on quarter end balances.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 8. Credit risk – geographic breakdown

The following table summarises the geographic distribution of exposures, broken down into significant areas by major types of credit exposure as of:

	30 June 2014						31 December 2013					
	Self financed			Financed by IAH			Self financed			Financed by IAH		
	*geographic area		Other Asian	*geographic area		Other Asian	*geographic area		Other Asian	*geographic area		Other Asian
	East	countries	US \$	East	countries	US \$	East	countries	US \$	East	countries	US \$
Cash and balances with banks	78,611,453	180,469,632		2,024,124	421,946		21,479,260	116,540,579		86,503,541	95,117,324	
Sales receivables	4,340,874	-		386,967,777	260,883,552		79,773,473	-		306,818,610	247,105,644	
Mudaraba financing	10,389	-		-	-		1,729,061	-		-	-	
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek	143,677	-		114,754,762	42,713,285		-	-		94,996,394	31,583,519	
Musharaka	4,480,000	-		5,052,689	89,860,784		4,480,000	-		5,063,004	62,912,494	
Investments	88,218,716	127,248,982		26,780,379	136,928,229		114,415,019	62,631,241		6,756,824	151,690,015	
Investment in real estate	5,849,016	-		-	-		5,549,016	-		-	-	
Ijara income receivables	129,492	-		16,101,883	1,810,946		566,801	-		14,780,319	1,904,272	
Premises and equipment	8,792,690	14,925,192		-	-		9,092,791	14,249,420		-	-	
Other assets	35,885,338	31,387,140		134,681	33,836,473		36,766,076	27,608,575		151,059	13,381,913	
	226,461,645	354,030,946		551,816,295	566,455,215		273,851,497	221,029,815		515,069,751	603,695,181	

* Segmental information is presented in respect of the Group's geographical segments. The geographical segments are based upon the location of the units responsible for recording the transactions and reflects the manner in which financial information is evaluated by management and the Board of Directors. For financial reporting purposes, the Group is divided into two geographical segments, Middle East and Other Asian Countries. Other Asian Countries predominantly includes operations in Pakistan.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 9. Credit risk – counterparty type breakdown

The following table summarises the distribution of funded and unfunded exposure by counterparty type as of:

	30 June 2014				31 December 2013			
	Self financed		Financed by IAH		Self financed		Financed by IAH	
	Funded US \$	Unfunded US \$	Funded US \$	Unfunded US \$	Funded US \$	Unfunded US \$	Funded US \$	Unfunded US \$
Cash items	19,219,007	-	133	-	8,209,369	-	9,662,615	-
Claims on Sovereigns	213,534,286	-	137,072,055	-	134,221,865	-	202,629,868	-
Claims on Public Sector Entities	4,406,567	-	80,030,131	-	3,177,474	-	62,229,960	-
Claims on banks	190,008,936	175,331,106	213,172,088	-	222,602,751	103,339,647	267,636,753	-
Claims on corporate	12,412,916	24,360,764	518,992,841	-	2,295,862	114,379,196	441,286,588	-
Claims on Investment Firms	-	-	1,519,000	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	-	-	72,470,971	-	-	-	54,439,250	-
Past dues receivables	-	-	37,478,731	-	-	-	41,801,581	-
Regulatory Retail Portfolio	2,154,843	-	15,132,487	-	930,129	-	11,258,125	-
Equity investment	55,393,602	-	355,780	-	65,342,434	-	356,287	-
Investment in Funds	1,050,000	-	5,016,429	-	1,050,000	-	5,011,473	-
Holding of Real Estate	38,253,921	-	3,268,781	-	38,304,300	-	9,668,755	-
Other assets	44,632,356	-	33,188,240	-	18,747,126	-	12,783,679	-
	581,066,434	199,691,870	1,117,697,667	-	494,881,310	217,718,843	1,118,764,934	-

For the purpose of rating, the Group is using External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) Standard & Poors, Moodys, Capital Intelligence and Fitch for assigning risk weight to assets.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 10. Credit risk – related party transactions

The following table summarises the balances with related parties as of:

	30 June 2014		31 December 2013	
	Self financed Funded US \$	Financed by IAH Funded US \$	Self financed Funded US \$	Financed by IAH Funded US \$
Cash and balances with bank	-	121,632	-	244,025
Sales Receivable	1,656,800	42,978,878	-	49,722,801
Musharaka	-	1,094,621	-	927,765
Mudaraba Financing	10,389	-	1,729,061	-
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek	-	3,208,135	-	4,107,393
Investments	27,676,320	15,270,179	27,676,320	257,412
Ijara Income Receivable	-	915,026	-	45,422
Other Assets	30,631,728	-	31,925,357	65,986
	59,975,237	63,588,471	61,330,738	55,370,804

All transactions with related parties have been made on arms length basis.

The Group's intra-group transactions as of 30 June 2014 is its investment in subsidiary of USD 61,961 thousand (31 December 2013: USD 61,961 thousand) and amount receivable of USD 969 thousand (31 December 2013: USD 909 thousand) by the Bank from its subsidiary in Pakistan, and Subordinated debt to subsidiary in Pakistan of USD 11,000 thousand.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table -- 11. Credit risk – concentration of risk

The Group follows the Central Bank of Bahrain's guidelines with respect to the definition and measurement of large exposures at the consolidated level as stipulated in the Central Bank of Bahrain Rulebook for Islamic Banks.

The following are the balances representing the concentration of risk to individual counterparties as of 30 June 2014:

Counterparties *	Funded US \$
Counterparty # 1	209,478,873
Counterparty # 2	78,281,377
Counterparty # 3	56,171,605
Counterparty # 4	54,342,103
Counterparty # 5	50,446,370
Counterparty # 6	49,224,045
Counterparty # 7	48,897,610
Counterparty # 8	45,904,343
Counterparty # 9	37,609,004
Counterparty # 10	31,849,744
Counterparty # 11	30,905,405
Counterparty # 12	25,303,945
Counterparty # 13	21,715,188
Counterparty # 14	21,505,979
Counterparty # 15	20,834,458
Counterparty # 16	18,092,718
Counterparty # 17	17,684,652
Counterparty # 18	16,027,478
Counterparty # 19	15,443,429

* These exposures are in excess of individual obligor limits. Further, these exposures are either exempt or undertaken after obtaining due approval from Central Bank of Bahrain.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

The following are the balances representing the concentration of risk to individual counterparties as of 31 December 2013:

Counterparties *	Funded US \$
Counterparty # 1	154,359,950
Counterparty # 2	76,000,000
Counterparty # 3	54,342,103
Counterparty # 4	53,768,491
Counterparty # 5	50,830,586
Counterparty # 6	45,132,064
Counterparty # 7	39,297,164
Counterparty # 8	39,018,525

* These exposures are in excess of individual obligor limits. Further, these exposures are either exempt or undertaken after obtaining due approval from Central Bank of Bahrain.

Past due and non-performing facilities

Past due represents installments that are not received on the contractual repayments date. The Group defines non-performing facilities as the facilities that are overdue for period of 90 days or more. These exposures are placed on a non-accrual status with income being recognised to the extent that it is actually received/distributed. It is the Group's policy, except for the subsidiary which is following their local regulations, that when an exposure is overdue for a period of 90 days or more, the whole financing facility extended is considered as past due, not only the overdue installments/payments.

Highly leveraged counter parties

Highly leveraged counter parties are determined by the Credit Department on case by case basis according to industry types and credit policies and procedures of the Group. Each industry has clear established leverage ratios set in place internally which are considered threshold for measuring how leveraged is our counterpart (Low, Medium/Acceptable or High). Any excess over such determined ratios, the customer is classified as highly leveraged with high risk. This ratio will have a big impact on Internal Rating / Grading of the customer.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 12. Credit Risk – Residual Contractual Maturity Breakdown

65% of Group assets are financed by equity of IAH, while 35% are self financed. The following table summarises the residual contractual maturity breakdown of the whole credit portfolio as of 30 June 2014, broken down by major types of credit exposure:

	Up to 3 months US \$	3 to 6 months US \$	6 months to 1 year US \$	1 to 3 years US \$	3 to 5 years US \$	5 to 10 years US \$	10 to 20 years US \$	Over 20 years US \$	No fixed maturity US \$	Total US \$
ASSETS										
Cash and balances with banks	196,590,980	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,936,175	261,527,155
Sales receivables	389,540,640	98,780,581	73,477,455	52,542,048	12,397,267	7,374,858	-	-	18,079,354	652,192,203
Mudaraba financing	10,389	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,389
Ijara Muntahia Bitamleek	8,308,663	4,877,580	9,072,043	59,433,212	34,275,882	18,601,812	19,221,272	3,821,260	-	157,611,724
Musharaka	17,791,663	4,529,643	4,736,077	19,148,280	26,017,116	14,666,463	9,956,209	-	2,548,022	99,393,473
Investments*	49,349,124	51,453,130	24,188,209	145,548,106	48,393,417	25,930,057	1,000,000	-	33,314,263	379,176,306
Investment in real estate	-	-	-	5,849,016	-	-	-	-	-	5,849,016
Ijara income receivables	2,780,964	862,750	1,183,665	5,632,977	3,032,617	2,438,688	1,468,858	292,015	349,787	18,042,321
Premises and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,717,882	23,717,882
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,719,759	18,719,759
Other assets	31,287,895	670,560	13,341,237	90,981	52,063,678	-	-	-	3,789,281	101,243,632
Total assets	695,660,318	161,174,244	125,998,686	288,244,620	176,179,977	69,011,878	31,646,339	4,113,275	165,454,523	1,717,483,860
LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS										
Due to banks and financial institutions	42,070,964	1,189,247	-	22,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	65,260,211
Current accounts**	301,947,998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	301,947,998
Other liabilities	51,650,795	1,063,082	1,212,864	4,140,497	3,348,777	12,285	-	-	-	61,428,300
Total liabilities	395,669,757	2,252,329	1,212,864	26,140,497	3,348,777	12,285	-	-	-	428,636,509
Equity of investment accountholders	397,878,689	247,193,779	194,141,687	147,671,158	130,812,354	-	-	-	-	1,117,697,667
Total owners' equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	171,149,684	171,149,684
Total liabilities, Equity of investment accountholders and owner's equity	793,548,446	249,446,108	195,354,551	173,811,655	134,161,131	12,285	-	-	171,149,684	1,717,483,860
Net gap	(97,888,128)	(88,271,864)	(69,355,865)	114,432,965	42,018,846	68,999,593	31,646,339	4,113,275	(5,695,161)	-
Cumulative net gap	(97,888,128)	(186,159,992)	(255,515,857)	(141,082,892)	(99,064,046)	(30,064,453)	1,581,886	5,695,161	-	-
Off-balance sheet equity of investment accountholders	19,880,962	76,823,289	60,866,090	-	-	-	-	-	-	157,570,341

* Investments in 1 to 3 years are easily convertible into liquid funds.

** Current Accounts are shown under up to 3 months maturity in the above table. However, most of these current accounts are stable funds which are expected to be available to the bank on continuous basis.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 12. Credit Risk – Residual Contractual Maturity Breakdown (continued)

65% of Group assets are financed by equity of IAH, while 35% are self financed. The following table summarises the residual contractual maturity breakdown of the whole credit portfolio as of 31 December 2013, broken down by major types of credit exposure:

	Up to 3 months US \$	3 to 6 months US \$	6 months to 1 year US \$	1 to 3 years US \$	3 to 5 years US \$	5 to 10 years US \$	10 to 20 years US \$	Over 20 years US \$	No fixed maturity US \$	Total US \$
ASSETS										
Cash and balances with banks	268,997,729	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,642,975	319,640,704
Sales receivables	321,044,444	166,836,668	48,207,850	38,133,851	16,507,378	6,543,276	-	-	36,424,260	633,697,727
Mudaraba financing	1,729,061	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,729,061
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek	11,370,893	3,238,609	7,841,949	35,386,301	33,502,583	16,861,643	15,988,481	2,389,454	-	126,579,913
Musharaka	3,553,495	11,440	7,052,497	20,266,145	14,977,033	18,280,458	4,923,195	-	3,391,235	72,455,498
Investments	63,257,095	4,803,850	68,533,404	60,518,528	71,805,323	29,167,430	1,000,000	-	36,407,469	335,493,099
Investment in real estate	-	-	-	5,549,016	-	-	-	-	-	5,549,016
Ijara income receivables	2,354,298	442,147	1,288,655	4,312,012	3,240,404	2,726,810	1,171,535	175,084	1,540,447	17,251,392
Premises and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,342,211	23,342,211
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,560,934	17,560,934
Other assets	13,732,828	528,244	8,515,460	86,321	51,511,295	-	-	-	3,533,475	77,907,623
Total assets	686,039,843	175,860,958	141,439,815	164,252,174	191,544,016	73,579,617	23,083,211	2,564,538	172,843,006	1,631,207,178
LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNTHOLDERS										
Due to banks and financial institutions	93,722,207	13,276,101	-	22,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	128,998,308
Current accounts**	167,899,912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167,899,912
Other liabilities	31,476,851	816,444	263,802	13,914,456	4,258,992	14,166	-	-	-	50,744,711
Total liabilities	293,098,970	14,092,545	263,802	35,914,456	4,258,992	14,166	-	-	-	347,642,931
Equity of investment accountholders	471,504,143	252,968,739	224,118,637	157,025,277	13,148,138	-	-	-	-	1,118,764,934
Total owners' equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	164,799,313	164,799,313
Total liabilities, Equity of investment accountholders and owners' equity										
	764,603,113	267,061,284	224,382,439	192,939,733	17,407,130	14,166	-	-	164,799,313	1,631,207,178
Net gap	(78,563,270)	(91,200,326)	(82,942,624)	(28,687,559)	174,136,886	73,565,451	23,083,211	2,564,538	8,043,693	-
Cumulative net gap	(78,563,270)	(169,763,596)	(252,706,220)	(281,393,779)	(107,256,893)	(33,691,442)	(10,608,231)	(8,043,693)	-	-
Off-balance sheet equity of investment accountholders	30,618,765	76,000,000	30,158,760	-	-	-	-	-	-	136,777,525

* Investments in 1 to 3 years are easily convertible into liquid funds.

** Current Accounts are shown under up to 3 months maturity in the above table. However, most of these current accounts are stable funds which are expected to be available to the bank on continuous basis.

Al Baraka Islamic Bank B.S.C. (c)

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table -- 13. Credit risk -- credit quality of Islamic financing contracts by counterparty type

The following table summarises the aging of non performing facilities disclosed by counterparty type as of:

	30 June 2014						31 December 2013					
	Non-performing Islamic financing contracts		Aging of non performing facilities		Past due but performing US \$	Over 3 years US \$	Non-performing Islamic financing contracts		Aging of non performing facilities		Past due but performing US \$	Over 3 years US \$
	US \$		90 days to 1 year US \$	1 year to 3 years US \$			US \$		90 days to 1 year US \$	1 year to 3 years US \$		
Banks	46,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporates	36,137,821	46,039,773	13,850,071	9,830,906	28,046,578	22,358,796	48,272,544	10,071,578	21,814,485	16,386,481	36,703,208	16,386,481
Investment Firms	65,396	36,823,571	-	-	-	35,734,604	36,703,208	-	-	-	-	36,703,208
Residentials	182,872	1,750,616	646,387	674,629	276,029	1,518,568	2,438,278	304,724	604,439	1,529,115	1,529,115	1,529,115
Others	5,221,105	5,768,564	722,870	1,983,401	1,176,223	3,062,293	4,284,341	558,181	1,551,629	2,174,531	2,174,531	2,174,531
	41,653,194	90,382,524	15,219,328	12,488,936	29,498,830	62,674,261	91,698,371	10,934,483	23,970,553	56,793,335	56,793,335	56,793,335

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 14. Credit Risk – provision against facilities by counterparty type

The following table summarises the total provisions against financing facilities disclosed by counterparty type as of 30 June 2014

	Specific allowances						Balance at the end of the period US \$
	Opening Balance US \$	Charges during the period US \$	Write-Back during the period US \$	Write-offs during the period US \$	Transferred to investment risk reserve US \$	Exchange difference on opening balance US \$	
Corporates	23,890,504	2,399,275	(2,746,530)	(32,893)	-	1,568,514	25,078,870
Investment Firms	22,809,553	-	(500,000)	-	-	25,945	22,335,498
Individuals	1,634,700	72,954	(47,996)	-	53,838	40,022	1,753,518
Others	2,150,907	271,602	(477,950)	-	-	141,937	2,086,496
	50,485,664	2,743,831	(3,772,476)	(32,893)	53,838	1,776,418	51,254,382

A collective provision of US \$ 648 thousand is being maintained against financing facilities as at 30 June 2014.

The following table summarises the total provisions against non performing facilities disclosed by counterparty type as of 31 December 2013:

	Specific allowances						Balance at the end of the period US \$
	Opening Balance US \$	Charges during the period US \$	Write-Back during the period US \$	Write-offs during the period US \$	Transferred to investment risk reserve US \$	Exchange difference on opening balance US \$	
Corporates	30,120,374	6,681,779	(6,123,714)	(4,845,081)	-	(1,942,854)	23,890,504
Investment Firms	22,363,730	491,196	-	-	-	(45,373)	22,809,553
Individuals	1,555,099	144,570	(133,099)	(68,702)	186,813	(49,981)	1,634,700
Others	2,041,766	297,171	(29,556)	-	-	(158,474)	2,150,907
	56,080,969	7,614,716	(6,286,369)	(4,913,783)	186,813	(2,196,682)	50,485,664

A collective provision of US \$ 598 thousand is being maintained against financing facilities as at 31 December 2013.

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 15. Credit risk – non performing facilities and provisions

The following table summarises the total non performing facilities and provisions disclosed by geographical area as of:

	30 June 2014		31 December 2013	
	Non-performing Islamic financing contracts US \$	Specific provision US \$	Non-performing Islamic financing contracts US \$	Collective provision* US \$
Middle East	41,547,635	23,539,732	41,870,969	23,959,948
Other Asian countries	48,834,889	27,714,650	49,827,402	26,525,716
	<u>90,382,524</u>	<u>51,254,382</u>	<u>91,698,371</u>	<u>50,485,664</u>
				<u>598,236</u>
				<u>598,236</u>

* Collective provision is calculated based on estimates by the management keeping in view general economic and market conditions, effecting investment and financing portfolio of the Group.

Table – 16. Credit risk – restructured Islamic financing contracts

The following table summarises the total outstanding Islamic financing contracts that were restructured as of:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Restructured Islamic financing contracts	<u>2,695,329</u>	<u>15,241,559</u>

There is no significant impact of the renegotiated Islamic financing contracts on the provisions as well as present and future earnings. In addition, the magnitude of the restructuring activities is immaterial.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

Table – 17. Counterparty credit risk exposure

The following table summarises the counterparty credit risk exposure covered by collateral as of:

	30 June 2014		31 December 2013	
	<i>Gross positive FV of contracts</i>	<i>* Collateral held</i>	<i>Gross positive FV of contracts</i>	<i>* Collateral held</i>
	US \$	US \$	US \$	US \$
Cash and balances with banks and financial institution	261,527,155	-	319,640,704	-
Sales receivables	652,192,203	375,389,084	633,697,727	374,272,469
Mudaraba financing	10,389	-	1,729,061	-
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek	157,611,724	90,221,041	126,579,913	88,089,923
Musharaka	99,393,473	94,413,483	72,455,498	71,459,609
Investments	379,176,306	-	335,493,099	-
Investment in real estate	5,849,016	-	5,549,016	-
Ijara income receivables	18,042,321	-	17,251,392	-
Premises and equipment	23,717,882	-	23,342,211	-
Other assets	101,243,632	-	77,907,623	-
	1,698,764,101	560,023,608	1,613,646,244	533,822,001

* Collaterals have been restricted to outstanding exposure of financing facilities.

Table – 18. Counterparty credit risk exposure

The following table summarises exposure by type of Islamic financing contract that is covered by eligible collateral after the application of haircuts as of:

	30 June 2014		31 December 2013	
	<i>Gross positive FV of contracts</i>	<i>Collateral held</i>	<i>Gross positive FV of contracts</i>	<i>Collateral held</i>
	US \$	US \$	US \$	US \$
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek & Ijara income receivable	175,654,045	59,555,470	143,831,305	59,078,802

b) Market risk

Market risk arises from fluctuations in profit rates, equity prices and foreign exchange rates.

Table – 19. Market risk capital requirements

The following table summarises the capital requirement for the relevant category of market risk as of:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
	<i>Foreign exchange risk</i> US \$	<i>Foreign exchange risk</i> US \$
RWE	72,314,563	72,507,056
Capital requirements (12%)	8,677,748	8,700,847
Maximum value of RWE	73,633,407	75,711,023
Minimum value of RWE	72,314,569	72,507,056

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

b) Market Risk (continued)

Table – 20. Equity position risk in Banking Book

The following table summarises the total and average gross exposure of equity based financing structures by types of financing contracts and investments as of 30 June 2014:

	<i>Total gross exposure US \$</i>	<i>Average gross exposure over the period US \$</i>	<i>Publicly held US \$</i>	<i>Privately held US \$</i>	<i>Capital requirement US \$</i>
Sukuk	339,530,542	278,601,741	83,585,908	255,944,634	7,686,605
Managed funds	5,016,429	5,015,183	-	5,016,429	601,972
Equity shares	29,133,267	28,615,092	1,136,768	27,996,499	5,008,409
Real estate related	4,496,068	3,194,965	-	4,496,069	717,442
Others	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	24,000
	379,176,306	316,426,981	84,722,676	294,453,631	14,038,428

The investments stated at a carrying amount of US \$ 41,501 thousand are secured as guarantee against the borrowing from a financial institution.

The following table summarises the total and average gross exposure of equity based financing structures by types of financing contracts and investments as of 31 December 2013:

	<i>Total gross exposure US \$</i>	<i>Average gross exposure over the period US \$</i>	<i>Publicly held US \$</i>	<i>Privately held US \$</i>	<i>Capital requirement US \$</i>
Sukuk	299,505,157	321,261,781	106,118,962	193,386,194	4,478,715
Managed funds	5,011,473	6,844,586	-	5,011,473	601,377
Equity shares	28,082,609	28,157,151	98,875	27,983,732	5,008,197
Real estate related	1,893,860	3,421,037	-	1,893,860	1,786,290
Others	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	24,000
	335,493,099	360,684,555	106,217,837	229,275,259	11,898,579

The investments stated at a carrying amount of US \$ 48,780 thousand are secured as guarantee against the borrowing from a financial institution.

Table – 21. Equity gains or losses in Banking Book

The following table summarises the cumulative realised and unrealised gains or losses during the period ended:

	<i>30 June 2014 US \$</i>	<i>31 December 2013 US \$</i>
Cumulative realised gains (losses) arising from sale or liquidation	2,410,418	3,951,298
Total unrealised losses recognised in the balance sheet but not through P&L	(43,869)	(78,891)
Unrealized gross losses included in Tier One Capital	(43,869)	(78,891)

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

b) Market Risk (continued)

Market risk arises from fluctuations in profit rates, equity prices and foreign exchange rates.

Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the Group will incur a financial loss as a result of mismatch in the profit rate on the Group's assets and IAH. The profit distribution to IAH is based on profit sharing agreements. Therefore, the Group is not subject to any significant profit rate risk.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arise from the movement of the rate of exchange over a period of time. Positions are monitored on a regular basis to ensure positions are maintained within established approved limits.

Table – 22. Foreign currency translation risk

Following is the Group's exposure to different currencies in equivalent US dollars:

	30 June 2014		
	<i>Operational</i>	<i>Strategic</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>equivalent</i>	<i>equivalent</i>	<i>equivalent</i>
	<i>Long</i>	<i>Long</i>	<i>Long</i>
	<i>(short)</i>	<i>(short)</i>	<i>(short)</i>
	<i>US \$</i>	<i>US \$</i>	<i>US \$</i>
Pakistani rupees	28,005,695	33,636,097	61,641,792
Euro	469,705	-	469,705
Kuwaiti dinars	9,666,749	-	9,666,749
Pound sterling	79,549	-	79,549
Others	41,989	-	41,989

The strategic currency risk represents the amount of equity of the subsidiary

	31 December 2013		
	<i>Operational</i>	<i>Strategic</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>equivalent</i>	<i>equivalent</i>	<i>equivalent</i>
	<i>Long</i>	<i>Long</i>	<i>Long</i>
	<i>(short)</i>	<i>(short)</i>	<i>(short)</i>
	<i>US \$</i>	<i>US \$</i>	<i>US \$</i>
Pakistani rupees	31,253,905	30,387,887	61,641,792
Euro	(3,113,248)	-	(3,113,248)
Kuwaiti dinars	10,217,508	-	10,217,508
Pound sterling	105,341	-	105,341
Others	148,196	-	148,196

Foreign currency risk sensitivity analysis

In order to measure its exposures to currency risk, the Group stress tests its exposures following the standard shocks in this respect which calculates the effect on assets and income of the Group as a result of 20% appreciation and depreciation in foreign currencies in relation to the reporting currency of the Group. This is calculated using various percentages based upon the judgement of the management of the Group.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

b) Market Risk (continued)

Table – 23. Foreign currency risk sensitivity analysis

Following is the sensitivity analysis that calculates the effect of a reasonable possible movement of the currency exchange rate against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant on the consolidated statement of income and the consolidated statement of equity relating to the Group's investment in subsidiary. The impact of a similar increase in exchange rates will be approximately opposite to the impact disclosed below.

At 30 June 2014

Currency	Particular	Local Currency exposures	Exposures in US \$	Variance after 20% depreciation
Pakistani rupees	Net long Position	6,090,492,602	61,641,792	49,313,434
Euro	Net long Position	379,059	469,705	375,764
Kuwaiti dinars	Net long Position	2,725,451	9,666,749	7,733,399
Pound sterling	Net long Position	46,755	79,549	63,640
Others	Net long Position	222,506	41,989	33,591

At 31 December 2013

Currency	Particular	Local Currency exposures	Exposures in US \$	Variance after 20% depreciation
Pakistani Rupees	Net long Position	6,492,397,086	61,641,792	49,313,434
Euro	Net short Position	(2,258,929)	(3,113,248)	(2,490,598)
Kuwaiti Dinars	Net long Position	2,884,810	10,217,508	8,174,006
Pound Sterling	Net long Position	63,727	105,341	84,273

c) Equity of Investment Accountholders

The Group manages and deploys Equity of IAH according to its Article of Association – Chapter 3 on Rules of Business. In this respect, the Bank invests its own funds separately or jointly with amount received from Equity of Investment Account Holders. These funds received are managed in accordance with Shari' a requirements and standard of prudence is applied in the context of managing the overall portfolios to enable the Bank to exercise its fiduciary responsibilities. The Group is authorised by Equity of Investment Accountholders to invest the funds on the basis of Mudaraba, Murabaha, Salam, Ijara transactions and other forms of contract in a manner which the Group deems appropriate without laying down any restrictions as to where, how and for what purpose the funds should be invested.

The composition, characteristics, diversification, and concentration of portfolios are monitored within appropriate risk limits and indicators detailed in the Group's credit risk, liquidity risk, and other risks policies of the group. The strategic objectives of the investments of the funds are:

- Investment in Shari' a compliant opportunities;
- Targeted returns;
- Compliance with credit and Investment policy and overall business plan; and
- Diversified portfolio.

The Group's share of profit as a Mudarib for managing equity of IAH and their share of income is based on the terms and conditions of the related Mudarib agreements. These fund are invested in Islamic modes of financing and investments including murabaha, musharaka, mudaraba and ijara. The Group is offering these accounts for saving and term accounts ranging from 3 months to 5 years. There are no separate designations for portfolio managers, investment advisors and trustee. IAH accounts are managed at Head Office and subsidiary levels by relevant departments.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

c) Equity of Investment Accountholders (continued)

Funds are invested in Shari' a compliant commercial or consumer financing as well as short, medium, and long term investments excluding strategic investments. A due diligence process is in place which is consistent with business and risk policy guidelines of the Group after deduction of mandatory reserves and making allowance for short-term liquidity requirements.

Under all the aforesaid arrangement the Group can commingle the IAH funds with its own funds (Self-Financed). Some of the assets right from inception is designated exclusively as Self Financed by the Group. These self financed assets are deducted from total assets to arrive at "Jointly Financed Assets". To segregate the Jointly Financed Assets into self financed and Investment accountholders (IAH), the Group applies formula to identify the proportional share of each fund's in the Jointly Financed Assets.

Investors' share of income is calculated based on the income generated from joint investment accounts after deducting the expenses related to investment pool "mudarib expenses". Mudarib expenses include all expenses incurred by the Group, including specific provisions, but excluding staff cost and depreciation. The Group's "mudarib profit" is deducted from investors' share of income before distributing such income. In some cases, equity of IAH withdrawn before maturity and without completing three months are not entitled to any income. Equity of IAH held for more than three months and withdrawn before their maturity are entitled to income only after deducting a penalty charge equivalent to three months' income.

The basis applied by the Group in arriving at the investment account holders share of income is [total investment income less investment pool expenses] divided by [average funds generating income (shareholders and equity of investment accountholders) times average funds of equity of IAH].

Investment risk reserve

The Group deducts investment risk reserve as per approved policy from the profit distributable to equity of investment accountholders of its Bahrain operations, after allocating the Mudarib share in order to cater against future losses for equity of IAH.

Profit equalisation reserve

The Group appropriates a certain amount in excess of the profit to be distributed to equity of investment accountholders before taking into consideration the mudarib share of income. This is used to maintain a certain level of return on investment for equity of IAH.

Displaced commercial risk

The Group is exposed to displaced commercial risk in the event of having equity of IAH profit rates that are lower than market rates. The Group has mitigated this risk through the setting up of reserves that will be used in case of a drop in IAH profit rates. The policies and procedures for displaced commercial risk are formulated and implemented at the segment level (Pakistan, Bahrain offshore, Bahrain Commercial).

Complaint procedure / awareness programs

A complaint management system is established; procedures on handling complaints have been developed, new Complaints form has been introduced, a number of complaints channels are available where customers can communicate through branches, call centre, email, dedicated staff number and web-site. Monitoring procedures have been developed as well.

The Group uses it's website, print and electronic media for consumer awareness program and to inform about new products.

Penalty charges

A financial penalty of US \$ Nil thousand (Dec 2013: US \$ 2 thousand) was charged by the CBB during the period ended 30 June 2014.

A financial penalty of US \$ 1 thousand (Dec 2013: US \$ 183 thousand) was charged by SBP to the Group's subsidiary in Pakistan during the period.

Non-Shari'a complaint income

The Group charged US \$ 260 thousand (Dec 2013: US \$ 305 thousand) to customers as penalty for default which was disposed through charity contribution.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

c) Equity of Investment Accountholders (continued)

Table – 24. Equity of Investment Accountholders

The following table summarises the breakdown of equity of IAH and the analysis of profit equalisation reserve, investment risk reserve and return on equity of IAH as of:

	<i>30 June 2014 US \$</i>	<i>31 December 2013 US \$</i>
IAH - Banks	171,952,159	212,097,474
IAH - Non-banks	943,362,322	903,675,439
Profit equalisation reserve	590,764	573,411
Investment risk reserve	2,366,265	2,418,610
	1,118,271,510	1,118,764,934

Table – 25. Ratio of reserves to total IAH

The following table summarises the ratio of reserves to the total amount of equity of IAH as of:

	<i>30 June 2014 US \$</i>	<i>31 December 2013 US \$</i>
PER to IAH (%)	0.05%	0.05%
IRR to IAH (%)	0.21%	0.22%

Table – 26. Equity of Investment Accountholders by Islamic financing product type

The following table summarises the percentage of IAH financing for each type of Shari's-compliant contract to total equity of IAH financing as of:

	<i>30 June 2014</i>	<i>31 December 2013</i>
Sales receivable	70.54%	72.40%
Musharaka	10.34%	8.88%
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek & Ijara income receivable	19.11%	18.72%

Table – 27. Equity of Investment Accountholders by Counterparty Type

The following table summarises the percentage of IAH for each category of counterparty to total IAH financing as of:

Counterparty type

	<i>30 June 2014</i>	<i>31 December 2013</i>
Banks	15.50%	17.52%
Investment Firms	11.11%	7.29%
Corporates	11.53%	14.32%
Residentials	50.29%	51.28%
Others	11.57%	9.59%

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3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

c) Equity of Investment Accountholders (continued)

Table – 28. Investment Accountholders share of profit

The following table summarises the share of profits earned by and paid out to equity of IAH and the Group as Mudarib for the period ended:

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
Administrative expenses charged to equity of investment accountholders holders	1,590,413	1,239,104
Share of profits earned by IAH, before transfers to/from reserves	34,441,452	35,317,740
Percentage share of profit earned by IAH before transfer to/from reserves	3.02%	3.36%
Share of profit paid out to IAH after Mudarib fee and transfer to/from reserves	27,088,422	27,144,374
Percentage share of profit paid out to IAH after Mudarib fee and transfer to/from reserves	2.37%	2.58%
Share of profit paid out to Bank as mudarib	7,353,030	8,173,366
Mudarib Fee to total Investment Profits	21.35%	23.14%

Table – 29. Movement in profit equalisation reserve

The following table summarises the movement in profit equalisation reserve during the period ended:

	30 June 2014 US \$	30 June 2013 US \$
Balance at 1 January	573,411	544,632
Amount apportioned from income allocable to equity of Investment Accountholders	19,107	11,827
Exchange Difference	(1,754)	(2,462)
	<u>590,764</u>	<u>553,997</u>
Percentage of the profit earned on equity of investment accountholders appropriated to profit equalisation reserve	0.06%	0.03%

Table – 30. Movement in investment risk reserve

The following table summarises the movement in investment risk reserve during the period ended:

	30 June 2014 US \$	30 June 2013 US \$
Balance at 1 January	2,418,610	2,604,947
Amount apportioned from income allocable to equity of Investment Accountholders	-	-
Amount apportioned to provision	(53,838)	(68,440)
Exchange Difference	1,493	(145)
	<u>2,366,265</u>	<u>2,536,362</u>
Percentage of the profit earned on equity of investment accountholders appropriated to investment risk reserve	-%	-%

The profit equalisation reserve and investment risk reserve will revert to IAH as per terms and conditions of the Mudaraba contract.

As IAH funds are commingled with the Group's funds for investment, no priority is granted to any party for the purpose of investments and distribution of profits.

The Group's share, as Mudarib, in the profits of IAH is up to a maximum of 70% (31 December 2013: up to 70%) as per the terms of IAH agreements.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

c) Equity of Investment Accountholders (continued)

Table – 31. Equity of Investment Accountholders rate of return

The following table summarises the average rate of return over the period:

	Average 30 June 2014 Rate of return %		
	Bahrain		Pakistan
	BD	US \$	
Saving Accounts	0.51%	0.44%	4.71%
One Month Term Deposits	1.33%	-	4.18%
Three Months Term Deposits	1.54%	0.83%	6.06%
Six Months Term Deposits	1.74%	0.86%	6.20%
Nine Months Term Deposits	1.76%	1.14%	-
1 Year Term Deposits	2.03%	1.18%	7.76%
2 Years Term Deposits	2.37%	1.05%	7.98%
3 Year Term Deposits	2.37%	-	8.10%
4 Years Term Deposits	-	-	8.00%
5Years Term Deposits	-	-	9.00%

	Average 31 Dec 2013 Rate of return %		
	Bahrain		Pakistan
	BD	US \$	
Saving Accounts	0.68%	0.54%	4.36%
One Month Term Deposits	1.79%	0.90%	3.87%
Three Months Term Deposits	2.07%	0.86%	5.44%
Six Months Term Deposits	2.35%	1.10%	5.69%
Nine Months Term Deposits	2.37%	1.29%	-
1 Year Term Deposits	2.74%	1.50%	6.76%
2 Years Term Deposits	3.19%	-	7.98%
3 Year Term Deposits	3.19%	-	8.10%
4 Years Term Deposits	-	-	8.00%
5Years Term Deposits	-	-	9.00%

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

c) Equity of Investment Accountholders (continued)

Table – 32. Equity of Investment Accountholders by type of assets

The following table summarises the types of assets in which the funds are invested and the actual allocation among various types of assets and the changes in the asset allocation for the period ended 30 June 2014:

	<i>Opening Actual Allocation US \$</i>	<i>Movement US \$</i>	<i>Closing Actual Allocation US \$</i>
Cash and balances with banks	57,899,593	(55,453,523)	2,446,070
Sales receivable	537,383,597	110,467,732	647,851,329
Mudaraba financing	40,439,955	(40,439,955)	-
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek	117,187,490	40,280,557	157,468,047
Musharaka	62,193,892	32,719,581	94,913,473
Investments	248,413,492	(84,704,884)	163,708,608
Ijara income receivables	16,683,138	1,229,691	17,912,829
Other assets	20,360,232	13,610,922	33,971,154
	1,100,561,389	17,710,121	1,118,271,510

The following table summarises the types of assets in which the funds are invested and the actual allocation among various types of assets and the changes in the asset allocation for the period ended 30 June 2013:

	<i>Opening Actual Allocation US \$</i>	<i>Movement US \$</i>	<i>Closing Actual Allocation US \$</i>
Cash and balances with banks	16,033,463	41,866,130	57,899,593
Sales receivable	454,604,373	82,779,224	537,383,597
Mudaraba financing	29,542,013	10,897,942	40,439,955
Ijara Muntahia Bittamleek	113,232,535	3,954,955	117,187,490
Musharaka	58,012,371	4,181,521	62,193,892
Investments	258,687,874	(10,274,382)	248,413,492
Ijara income receivables	21,242,837	(4,559,699)	16,683,138
Other assets	16,182,546	4,177,686	20,360,232
	967,538,012	133,023,377	1,100,561,389

Table – 33. Equity of Investment Accountholders profit earned and paid

The following table summarises the amount and percentage of profits earned and paid out to profit sharing investment accounts over the past five years:

	<i>Profit earned</i>		<i>Profit paid to IAH</i>	
	<i>US \$</i>	<i>%age</i>	<i>US \$</i>	<i>%age</i>
2014* (six months)	68,882,904	6.04%	54,176,844	4.75%
2013	68,753,815	6.37%	55,662,173	5.15%
2012	75,886,460	7.75%	61,441,021	6.27%
2011	86,984,643	8.33%	68,601,248	6.57%
2010	45,896,366	6.11%	29,786,963	4.05%
2009	46,278,164	6.90%	35,740,826	5.30%

* Annualised

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

c) Equity of Investment Accountholders (continued)

Table - 34. Treatment of assets financed by Equity of Investment Accountholders

The following table summarises the treatment of assets financed by IAH in the calculation of risk weighted assets (RWA) for capital adequacy purposes as of 30 June 2014:

Type of Claims	RWA US\$ '000	RWA for capital adequacy purposes - 30% US\$ '000	Capital charges US\$ '000
Claims on Sovereign	37,928,612	11,378,584	1,365,430
Claims on PSEs	9,201,448	2,760,434	331,252
Claims on Banks	119,675,532	35,902,660	4,308,319
Claims on Corporates	502,099,331	150,629,799	18,075,576
Claims on Investment Firms	759,500	227,850	27,342
Regulatory Retail Portfolio	14,049,302	4,214,791	505,775
Mortgage	74,061,139	22,218,342	2,666,201
Past due facilities	40,711,253	12,213,376	1,465,605
Investment in securities	5,507,299	1,652,190	198,263
Holding of Real Estates	6,537,562	1,961,269	235,352
Other Assets	33,836,473	10,150,942	1,218,113
	844,367,451	253,310,237	30,397,228

The following table summarises the treatment of assets financed by IAH in the calculation of risk weighted assets (RWA) for capital adequacy purposes as of 31 December 2013:

Type of Claims	RWA US\$ '000	RWA for capital adequacy purposes - 30% US\$ '000	Capital charges US\$ '000
Claims on Sovereign	38,592,123	11,577,637	1,389,316
Claims on PSEs	1,845,379	553,614	66,434
Claims on Banks	112,654,581	33,796,374	4,055,565
Claims on Corporates	415,026,367	124,507,910	14,940,949
Mortgage	58,414,462	17,524,339	2,102,921
Regulatory Retail Portfolio	7,477,199	2,243,160	269,179
Past due facilities	47,031,296	14,109,389	1,693,127
Investment in securities	5,496,466	1,648,940	197,873
Holding of Real Estates	19,337,509	5,801,253	696,150
Other Assets	13,381,914	4,014,574	481,749
	719,257,296	215,777,190	25,893,263

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

d) Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders

Off-balance sheet equity of Investment accountholders is invested and managed in accordance with Shari'a requirements.

The Group as fund manager will manage and administer the investment account in a proper, diligent and efficient manner in accordance with applicable laws and local regulations.

The Group has appropriate procedures and controls in place commensurate to the size of its portfolio which includes:

- (a) Organizing its internal affairs in a responsible manner, ensuring it has appropriate internal controls and risk management systems and procedures and controls designed to mitigate and manage such
- (b) Observing high standards of integrity and fair dealing in managing the scheme to the best interest of its investors; and
- (c) Ensuring that the Group has the requisite level of knowledge and experience for the tasks that is undertaken and is competent for the work undertaken.

Table – 35. Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders by Islamic product type

The following table summarises the breakdown of Off-balance sheet equity of IAH by type of Islamic financing contracts as of:

Islamic products

	<i>30 June 2014</i>	<i>31 December 2013</i>
Sales receivables	93.48%	77.95%
Investments	6.52%	22.05%

Table – 36. Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders by counterparty type

The following table summarises the percentage of financing for each category of counterparty to total financing as of:

Counterparty type

	<i>30 June 2014</i>	<i>31 December 2013</i>
Banks	98.64%	83.91%
Corporate	1.36%	16.09%

Table – 37. Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders by type of assets

The following table summarises the types of assets in which the funds are invested and the actual allocation among various types of assets and the changes in the asset allocation for the period ended 30 June 2014:

	<i>Opening actual allocation US \$</i>	<i>Movement US \$</i>	<i>Closing actual allocation US \$</i>
Sales receivables	106,618,765	40,680,187	147,298,952
Investments	30,158,760	(19,887,371)	10,271,389
	136,777,525	20,792,816	157,570,341

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

d) Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders (continued)

Table – 37. Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders by type of assets (continued)

The following table summarises the types of assets in which the funds are invested and the actual allocation among various types of assets and the changes in the asset allocation for the period ended 30 June 2013:

	<i>Opening actual allocation US \$</i>	<i>Movement US \$</i>	<i>Closing actual allocation US \$</i>
Sales receivables	107,929,065	(27,267,905)	80,661,160
Investments	26,046,122	1,437,078	27,483,200
	<u>133,975,187</u>	<u>(25,830,827)</u>	<u>108,144,360</u>

Table – 38. Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders historical returns

The following table summarises the historical returns over the past five year / period:

	<i>June 2014 US \$</i>	<i>Dec 2013 US \$</i>	<i>Dec 2012 US \$</i>	<i>Dec 2011 US \$</i>	<i>Dec 2010 US \$</i>
Gross Income	883,711	104,630	1,208,812	458,674	2,756,802
Mudarib Fee	60,422	47,122	168,172	110,062	261,157

The Group's share of profit as a Mudarib for managing Off-balance sheet equity of Investment Accountholders and their share of income is based on the terms and conditions of the related mudarib agreements. These mudarib agreements are done at the individual Counter party level.

e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due under normal and stress circumstances. To limit this risk, management has arranged diversified funding sources, manages assets with liquidity in mind, and monitors liquidity on regular basis.

- a. Provide clear guidance on the composition and role of the asset/liability committee or such other committee or department responsible for managing liquidity.
- b. Establish approval processes to ensure adherence to liquidity risk management processes.
- c. Require periodic calculations to determine the extent to which the segments are funding long-term assets with short-term liabilities.
- d. Establish liquidity ratio benchmarks, e.g. parameters for the funding of long-term assets with short-term liabilities to guide liquidity management and the method for computing liquidity indicators.
- e. Establish limits on the degree of concentrations that are deemed acceptable. This should:
 - i) Ensure diversification of funding by origin and term structure by, for example, guarding against concentration by individuals or groups of depositors, types of deposit instruments, market sources of deposit, geographical sources, term to maturity, and deposit currencies. Where concentrations occur, the segments manage their assets and liquidity profile to mitigate the risk; and
 - ii) Set procedures for the orderly restoration of the liquidity position in the event of loss of funding where such concentrations are unavoidable. In addition, the segments conduct an impact analysis on its dependency on any such concentrations.

Basel II, Pillar III Disclosures

for the six month period ended 30 June 2014

3 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

e) Liquidity risk (continued)

- f. Provide for periodic review of the deposit structure. The review should include the volume and trend of various types of deposits offered, maturity distributions of time deposits, profit rate paid on each type of deposit, prevailing market profit rate, limits on large time deposits, public funds, and non-resident deposits.
- g. Provide for the review of alternate funding sources including stand-by facilities and lines of credit.
- h. Establish a framework for the composition of assets.
- i. Assess the acceptable mismatch in combination with currency commitments. The segments undertake separate analysis of their strategy for each currency individually. They set and regularly review limits on the size of cash flow mismatches over particular time horizons for foreign currencies in aggregate, and for each significant currency.

Table – 39. Liquidity ratios

The following table summarises the liquidity ratios as of:

	<i>30 June 2014</i>	<i>31 December 2013</i>
Liquid assets to total assets	23.99%	30.92%
Short term assets to short term liabilities	79.37%	79.88%

Table – 40. Quantitative indicators of financial performance and position

	<i>June 2014*</i>	<i>Dec 2013</i>	<i>Dec 2012</i>	<i>Dec 2011</i>	<i>Dec 2010</i>
Return on average equity	2.32%	0.6%	-6.1%	1.4%	2.8%
Return on average assets	0.23%	0.1%	-0.8%	0.2%	0.5%
Cost to Income Ratio	90.55%	91.1%	98.4%	91.0%	75.3%

* Return based on total income and equity (including non-controlling interest)

** Annualised

4 OTHERS

The responsibility for payment of Zakat is on individual shareholders and investment accountholders. However, in Pakistan Zakah is deducted at source from the Equity of Investment accountholders as required by local laws.

Table – 41. Legal Contingencies

	<i>30 June</i> <i>2014</i> <i>US \$</i>	<i>31 December</i> <i>2013</i> <i>US \$</i>
Law suit	3,700,000	3,700,000

During the year 2010, certain suits have been filed by Mr. Faisal Vawda in the Honorable High Court of Sindh against the Bank wherein Mr. Vawda has claimed that he was offered 24 million ordinary shares of the Bank at an aggregate value of US \$ 3.04 (2013 : US \$ 2.85) million as sale consideration against the commercial property sold to the Bank. He further claimed that in addition to the said property, he has also paid US \$ 0.61 (US \$ 0.57) million towards the purchase consideration for the above referred shares. However, the said shares or any other consideration against the property has not been received by him. Based on the above, Mr. Vawda has alleged the Bank of involvement in illegal business. The Bank contends that the aforesaid allegations of Mr. Vawda are baseless and without any merit and that the subject property has been duly purchased and paid for by the Bank. Further, in the opinion of legal advisor of the Bank, the Bank is likely to successfully contest the aforementioned proceedings and accordingly is not likely to be exposed to the abovementioned claims being prayed against the Bank.

In terms of the merger agreement dated 16 August 2010 between sponsors shareholders of the Bank and AlBaraka, the Emirates Financial Holdings LLC (EFH) will keep the Bank fully indemnified, safe and secured against all losses, costs, claims, damages of any nature whatsoever resulting to the Bank on account of the Mr. Faisal Vawda Litigations including any additional or ancillary litigation or proceedings filed by Faisal Vawda Group in relation to the subject matter of the Faisal Vawda Litigations. In this regard, the Bank has invoked the indemnity and has submitted a legal notice upon EFH.